Well-Being of Children Studying in Public and Private Schools

Nepal Country Paper

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Presentation Outline

- The context
- Purpose
- Methodology: Sampling, questionnaires and analysis
- Key results
- Presentation of supporting graphs and tables
- Conclusions and recommendations

The Context: School education in Nepal

- Two types of schools
 - Public schools (Community schools)
 - Private schools (Institutional schools)
- Out of total schools (34,782) with grades 1 to 10,
 - 84% (29,272): Public schools
 - 16% (5,510): Private schools

- Public schools
 - Run with the permission and regular grant from the government
 - Free from grade 1 to 10
- Private schools
 - Run with the permission of the government but without any financial support
 - Run with different types of fees from the students

- Availability and accessibility of public schools to all children whether they belong to rich or poor families: free from grade 1 to 10
- Private schools: more expensive and accessible to those who can pay
- Medium of instruction: Nepali in public schools and English in private schools
- Better performance of private schools: No. of working days, students' achievement level, extracurricular activities, regularity and punctuality of teachers and students

Purpose

- To present the well-being of children studying in public and private schools in Nepal in terms of
 - status of their lives, daily activities, and time use and
 - perceptions and evaluations of their own well-being.

Sampling

No. of public and private sample schools: 72 (82%) and 16 (18%)

No. of sample children of sample public and private schools: 2406 (81%) and 547 (19%)

Stratum No.	Sample districts	No. of public schools	No. of private schools
1.	Jumla	5	1
2.	Taplejung	7	1
3.	Morang	20	7
4.	Banke	15	5
5.	Pyuthan	11	1
6.	Udayapur	14	1
	Total	72 (82%)	16 (18%)

	8 years		10 ye	ears 12 year		ears	Tota l
	Pub	Pri	Pub	Pri	Pub	Pri	
Boys	389	84	393	91	403	90	1450
Girls	406	95	411	89	405	97	1503
Total	795	180	803	180	808	187	2953
	(82)	(18)	(82)	(18)	(81)	(19)	

Questionnaire

• Three sets of questionnaires designed each one for 8, 10 and 12 years age group

Analysis of Data

- Analysis of data generated from 0 to 4 fivepoint scale and 0 to 10 eleven-point scale is fully based on mean value.
- Yes-no items and frequency scales are analyzed in percentage.

Results

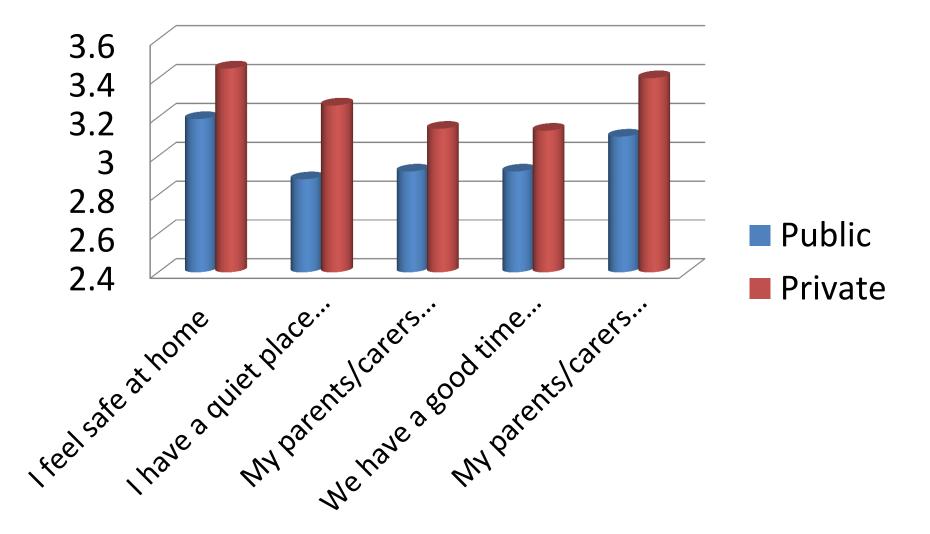
- Responses of children of public and private schools were positive for the items included under
 - Children's home and the people they live with
 - Happy/Satisfaction with house, people and family
 - Happy/satisfaction with whatever things they have
 - Children's friends and other People
 - The area where children live
 - School
 - Time use
 - Children's life and their future

- Children of private schools
 - showed more positive responses in agreement items than those of public schools,
 - were happier/more satisfied than public school children and
 - possess more things than their public school counterparts.

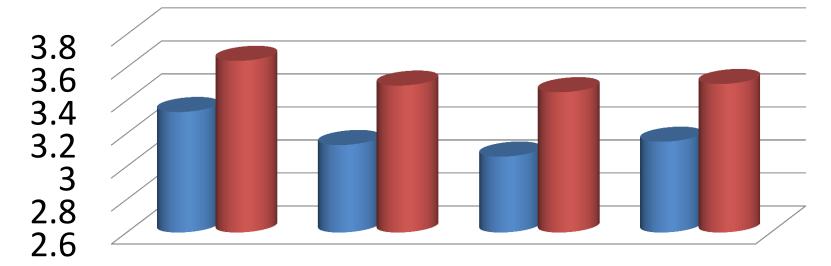
- Responses of children of public and private schools were not positive for some of the items
 - Access to computer and internet
 - Using computer outside schools
 - Taking classes outside school time
- Almost equal response of pubic and private school children for the item: place to play and safety in their residential areas

- Extremely low cases of children hit and left out by peers were found in both public and private schools
- Majority of the children of both types of schools knew about child rights. (Public 61.9% and private 76.5%)
- The presentation of supporting graphs and tables are given in the next slides.

Home condition and views on parents and family

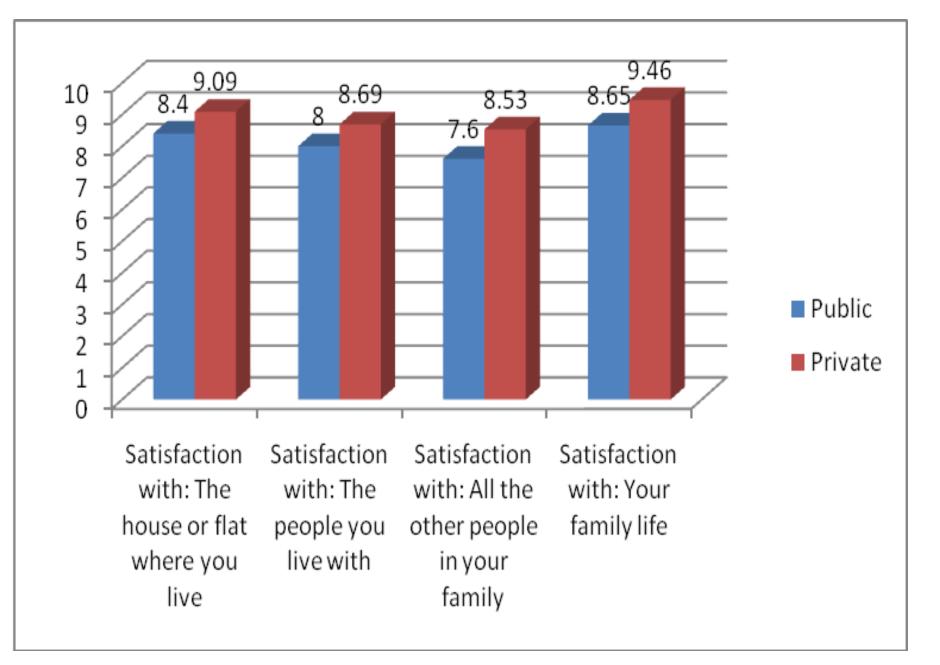


Happy with house, people and family (8)

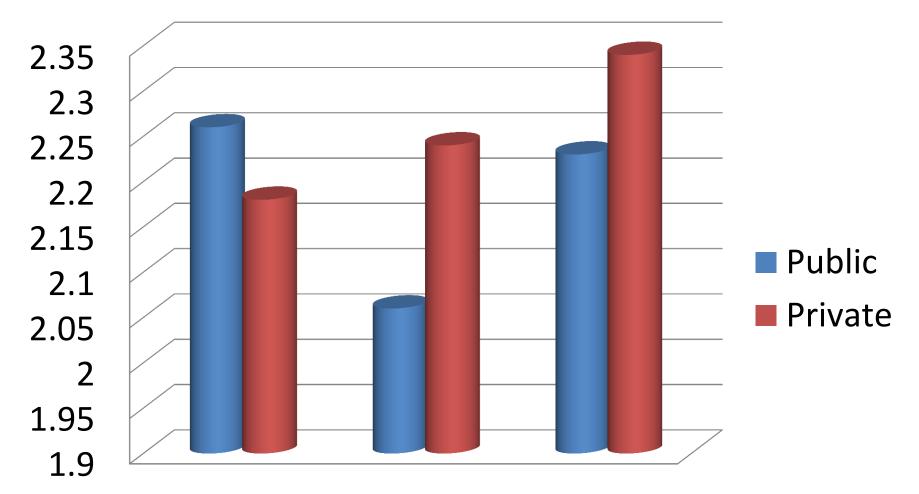


The The All the Your house or people other family life flat where you live people in you live with your family

Public Private

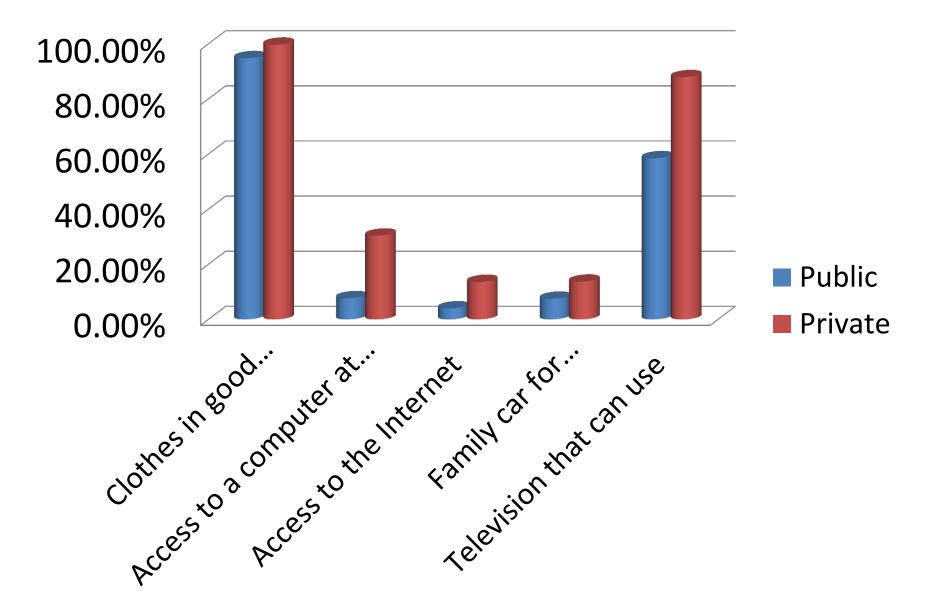


Time spent with family



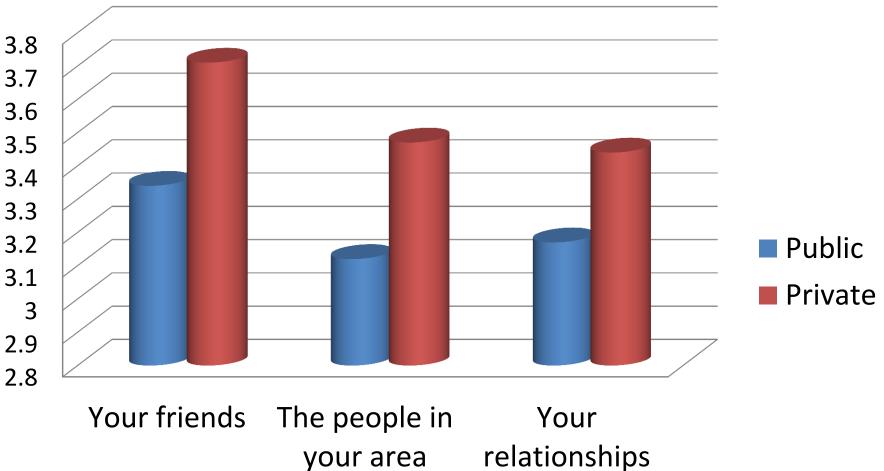
Talking Having fun Learning together together together

Things Children Have (8 years)



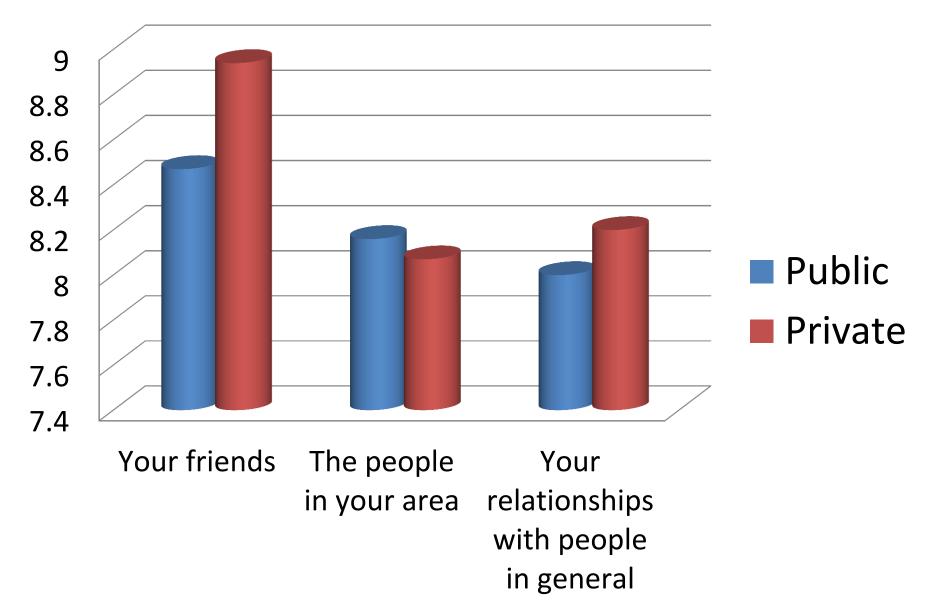
Things Children house		Private
Things Children have	Public (%)	(%)
Clothes in good condition to	96.20	99.27
go to school in		
Access to a computer at	8.16	32.08
home		
Access to the Internet	3.66	20.23
Mobile phone	75.00	79.42
Own room	58.77	58.03
Books to read for fun	68.17	76.00
Family car for transportation	7.62	6.36
Own stuff to listen to music	52.55	57.90
Television that can use	63.88	89.02

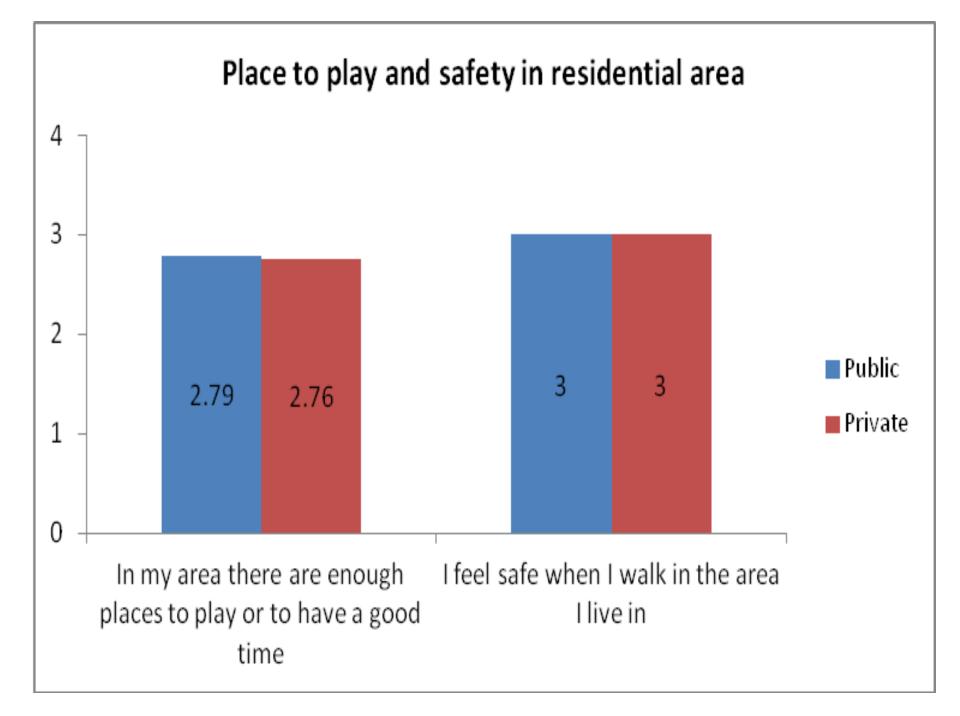
Children's friends and other people (8)

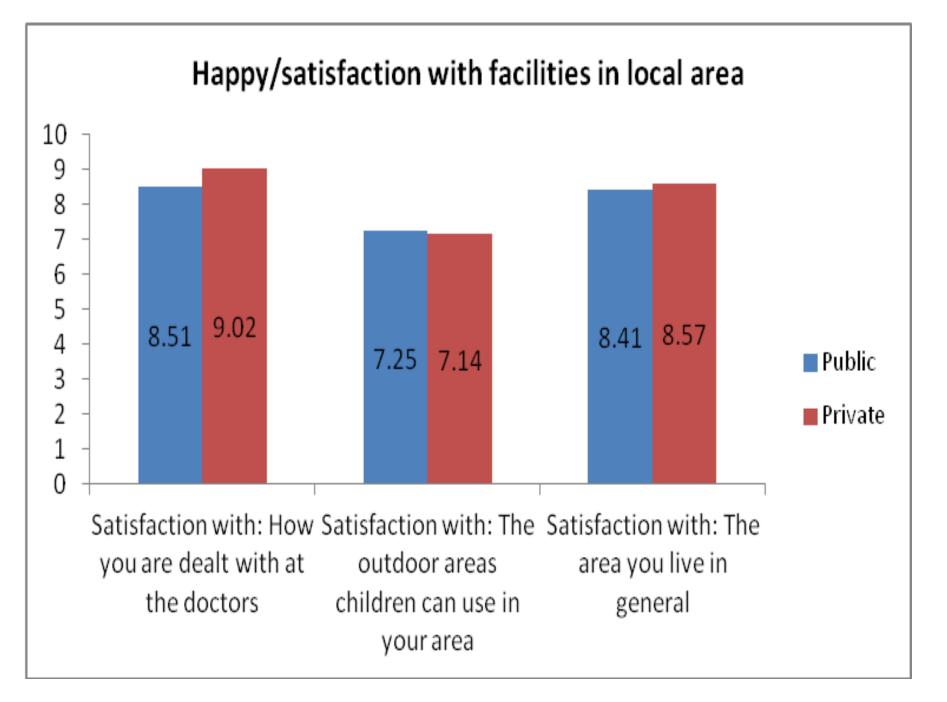


with people in general

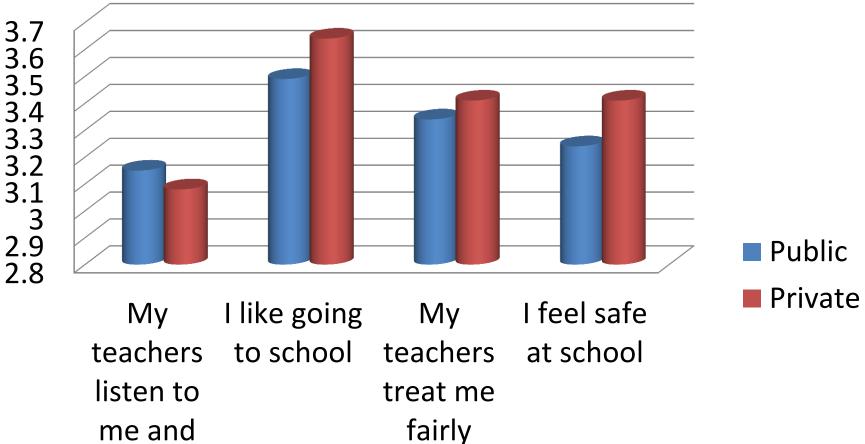
Children's friends and other people (10 and 12)







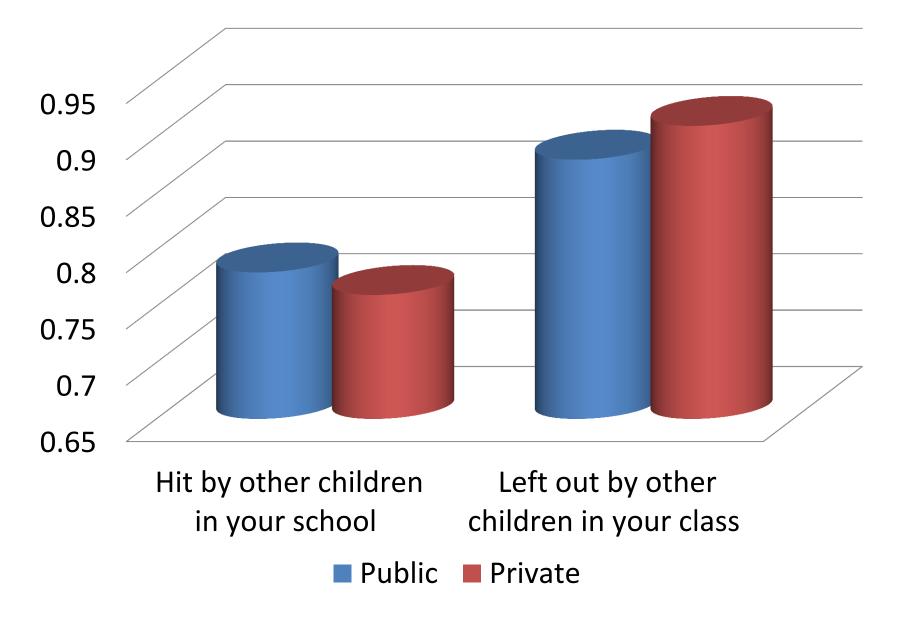
School Activities

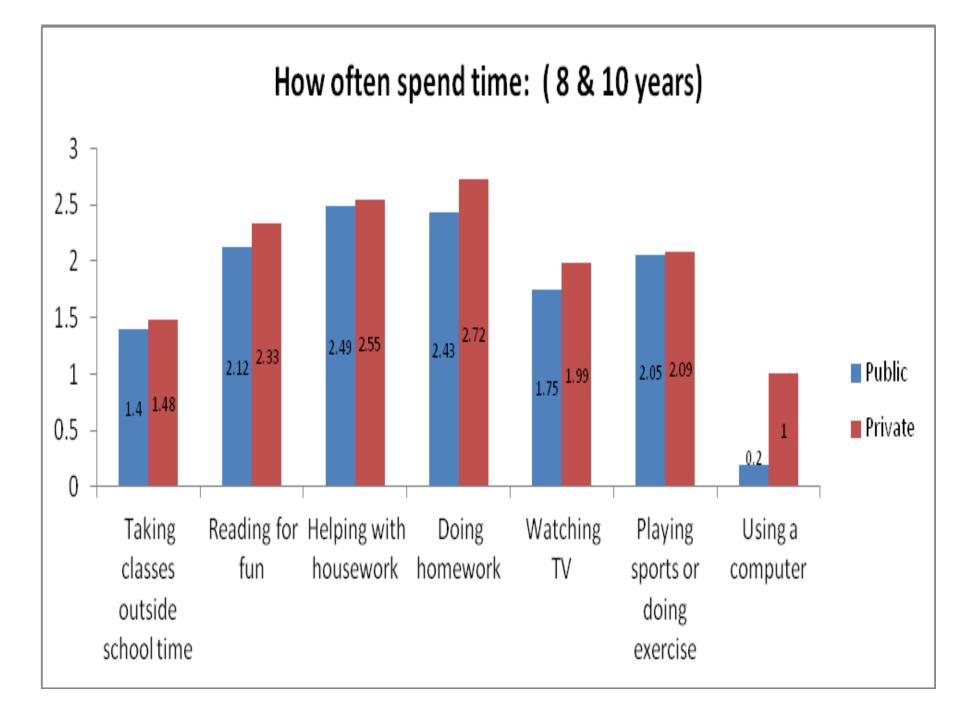


me and take what I say into

account

Hit by and left out in class by peers



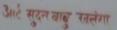


Child right

Items	Response	Public	Private
I know what rights	No	20.7%	23.6%
children have	Not sure	17.4%	18.1%
	Yes	61.9%	76.5%
I know about the	No	43.0%	47.1%
children's rights	Not sure	27.6%	28.1%
convention	Yes	29.4%	43.1%
I think in my	No	19.3%	27.7%
country adults in	Not sure	22.7%	20.8%
general respect children's rights	Yes	57.9%	69.8%

जिल्ला विकास समितिको कार्यलय

- स्वास्थ्य उपचारतथा सबै क्षेत्रको विषयमा सामान्य ज्ञानकारी
- जीवनपयोगी शिपतथा कला
- खेलकुद मनोरञ्जन
- •शिक्षा आर्जन
- विकासको अधिकार
- सुरक्षित जन्म. जन्म दर्ता • सफा पानी पिउन पाउने
- खोप ओषधि उपचार
- पोष्टिक आहार
- बाचन पाउने अधिकार



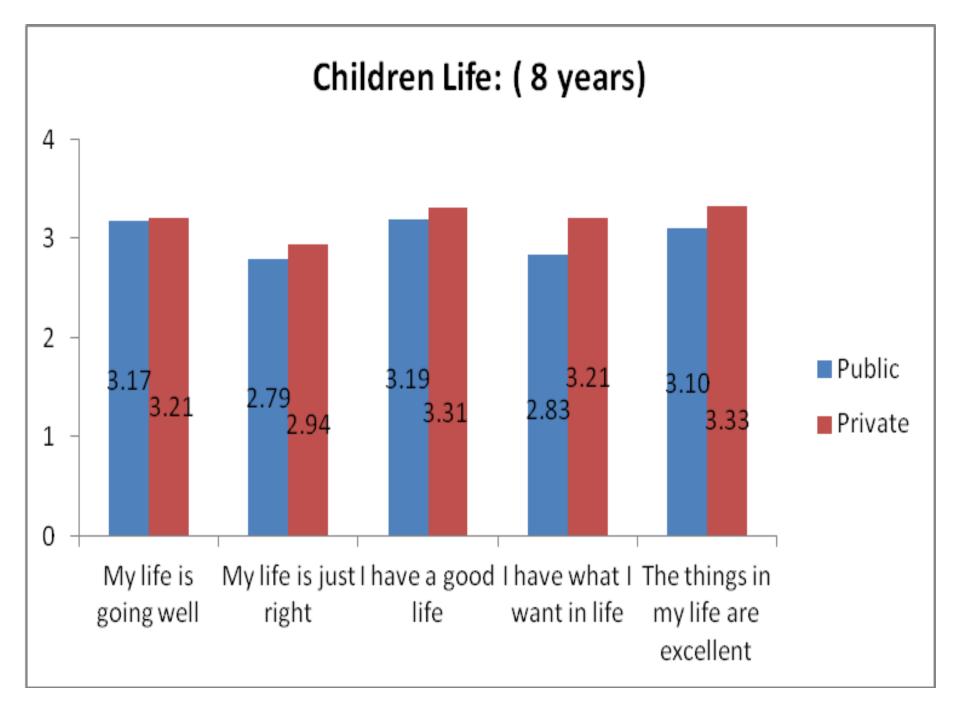
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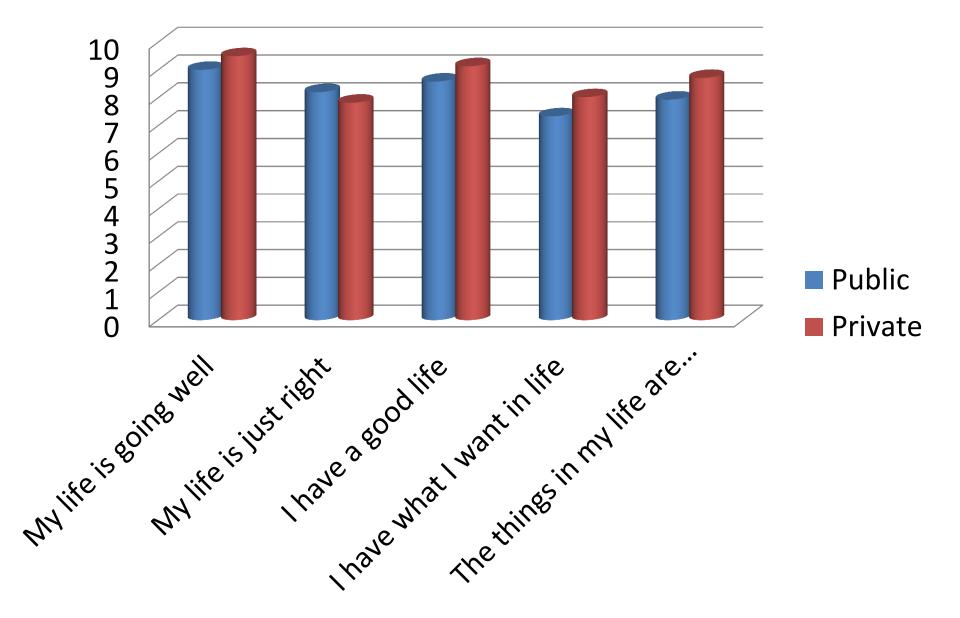
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जिल्ला बाल कल्याण समिति प्यकान

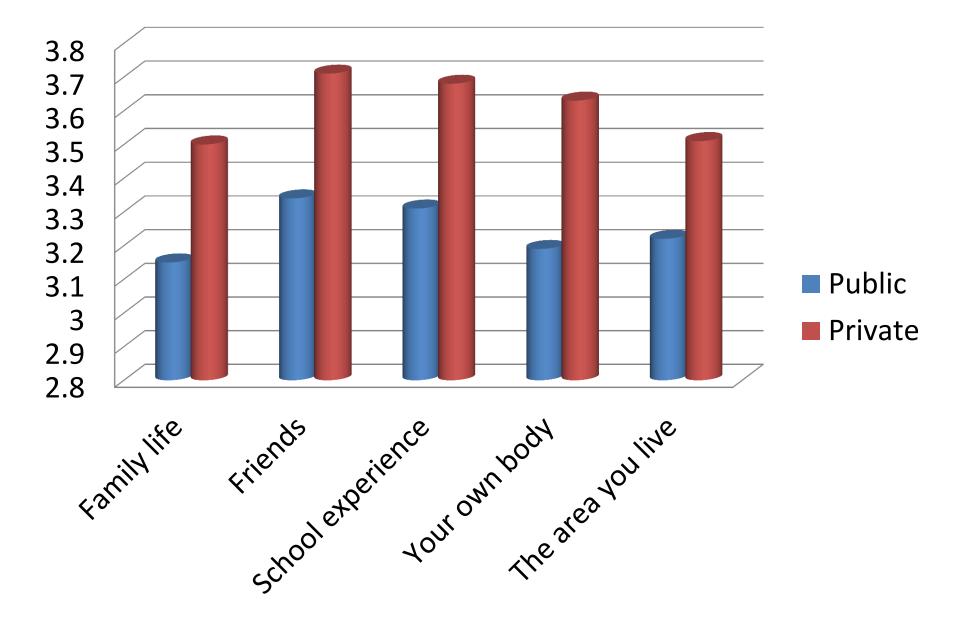
- विभिन्न सभा सम्मेलनमा समाजको हित हुने सामाजिक कार्यमातथा सांस्कृतिक गतिविधिमा भाग लिन पाउनु।
- आफ्नो जिवनमा प्रभाव पाने निर्णयमा विचार राखन पाउन सो विचारको उचित कदरर मान्यता पाउनु निर्णय प्रक्रियामा भाग लिन पाउन् /
- सहभागिताको अधिकार
- संरक्षणका अधिकार • गाली कुटपिट हेला शोषणबाट संरक्षण • धेरैकामतथायोन शोषणबाट संरक्षण • युदु. मे मरगडा देह बेचविखनबाट संरक्षण • लागु पदार्थ, हत्या अपहरणबाट संरक्षण



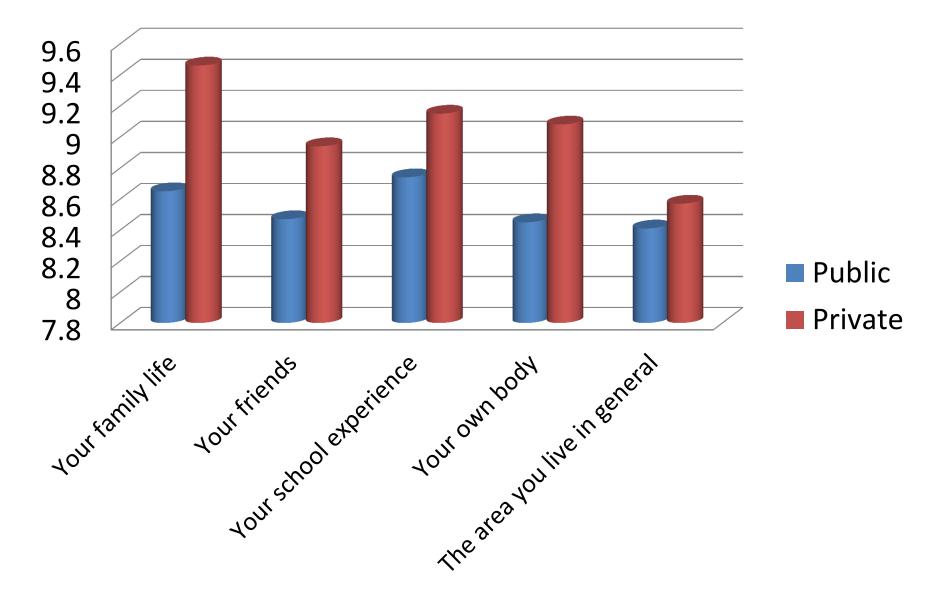
Children Life (10 and 12 years)



Brief Multidimensional SLSS (8 years)



BMSLSS (10 and 12 years)



Adapted PWI-SC 9 version (10 and 12 years)

Satisfaction with:	Public	Private
All the things you have	8.67	9.20
Your health	8.55	9.04
The things you want to be good at	8.95	9.49
Your relationships with people in general	8.00	8.20
How safe you feel	8.49	9.15
Doing things away from your home	7.33	7.60
What may happen to you later in your life	5.64	6.40
How you use your time	8.24	8.77
Your life as a student	8.91	9.39

Overall Life Satisfaction (OLS)

Satisfaction with:	Public	Private
Your life as a whole (8 years old)	3.36	3.59
Your life as a whole (10 and 12 years old)	8.54	9.15

Russell's Core Affect

Last two weeks:	Public	Private
How often feeling satisfied	8.47	8.89
How often feeling happy	8.52	9.23
How often feeling relaxed	8.26	8.76
How often feeling active	7.93	8.69
How often feeling calm	8.59	8.98
How often feeling full of energy	8.17	8.90

Conclusion

- Well-being of children of private schools are better than their public school counterparts in all aspects except a few. Those exceptions are:
 - talking together in family;
 - satisfaction with the people in their area;
 - my teachers listen to me and take what I say into account.
 - hit by other children in class

Recommendations

- In-depth survey on the children's perception of their rights
- Items related to ways of making students, parents and teachers aware of child rights
- Items related to ways of improving the wellbeing of public school children

Thanks